NEW YORK, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1904. - Copyright, 1904, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association

COUNTRY FOLK CHEER PLATT.

A MEMORABLE CELEBRATION AT HIGHLAND MILLS.

who Put the Gold Plank in the Republican Platform?--- And Who Made Roosevelt Governor?-Morris and Fassett Recall the Senator's Deeds, and His Farmer Neighbors Yell Themselves Hoarse.

HIGHLAND MILLS, N. Y., Sept. 24 .- Orange county Republicans, old and young, and Democrats not a few, gave to Senator Thomas C. Platt a reception at Highland Mills to-day that will live long in the county annals. They arrived with cheers for the senior Senator and they departed with cheers, and altogether it was, as an Orange county man put it, "a redhot, rousing ripping day.

Senator Depew was there and made a speech in the characteristic Depew vein.
J. Sloat Fassett and Robert C. Morris were the other speakers.

The occasion for Highland Mills's big celebration was the presentation of a mam-moth Roosevelt and Fairbanks banner to the citizens of the village by Senator and Mrs Platt The term "citizens" is used advisedly, because out of a voting population in Woodbury township there is a Republican majority of something like 250. The Republicans of Orange came to the

village in the afternoon in every description of vehicle. The little street in front of the rown hall where the speaking was held was ammed with farm wagons, carryalls, buggies, swell traps and even automobiles. A speakers' stand had been erected in front

Before the hour for the celebration to open, the front of that hall was very much like a scene from George Ade's "County Women and girls bustled about excitedly, tacking up bunting and arranging flags. The old men of the village, greatly impressed with the preparation, sat in front of the post office, whittling and watching for the carriages of "Tom" and "Chancey" to put in an appearance. Never was there such a buzz and a to-do

n the township. Senator Platt had set the hour for the celebration at 5 o'clock. An hour before that the square near the hall was packed with folks, and precisely at 5 the Senator, with Mrs. Platt, J. Sloat Fassett and Robert C. Morris, drove down from Senator Platt's beautiful home on the hilltop, a mile and

a half above Highland Mills. Somebody saw the carriage coming down the road. Promptly an old man with flowing white hair got out in the middle of the street and shouted at the top of his voice: "Here comes Tom Platt! Let's give him three cheers that he'll remember to his

dving day.' They were given with a roar, and the Senator bowed his thanks. He looked very well. The day was bright, but there was a cold wind and he was wrapped up in a heavy

overcoat. Senator Platt, his wife, and the rest of the party were escorted to seats in the stand by John H. Russell of Highland Mills, chairman of the committee on arrange ments, and an old friend of the Senator. There were more cheers when Senator Platt made a slight bow from the front of the stand. Old men, some of them old enough to have voted for ten Presidents, went up to him and shook his hand, wishing him the best of health.

Senator Depew was not due to arrive | Lady Curzon. from New York until 5.30, and his place on the programme of speakers was the last, so Robert C. Morris was introduced by Mr. Russell and made a short speech in which he told Crange county folks something of the arty a .d the nation.

It is not necessary for me to praise antor Platt before an Orange county ti 'innce." said Mr. Morris. "His name appropriately to mind when we of expected success in this campaign. if we have a right to expect success is, in a large measure, because of Senator litt's many years of hard and conscienires work for Republican principles.

We all agree that one of our greatest or ices of strength is our work for an unessailable gold standard; let us remember it was Senator Platt who put that agic word in the platform of 1896. We all agree that a source of strength equally great is the personality of our national standard bearer; it was Semator Platt who, by selecting Theodore Roosevelt for the Government in in 1898, assured his splendid

has been said that there are no issues n this campaign. Are there not issues ufficient? We go before the people with the definite promise that the principles everywhere acknowledged to be sound and wise shall be preserved. We will continue o protect American industries. We will watch conscientiously the public treasury. We will keep on with our present work of civilization in the Philippines. We will make good our present leadership in international relations. We will maintain an army and navy large enough to maintain our present prestige.

"For all these things our candidate. Theodore Roosevelt, stands. He is an ideal Republican, an ideal American. He is a rare combination of force, intelligence, morality, patriotism and progress. There is nothing colorless about this banner that Senator and Mrs. Platt have given you to

Senator Platt leaned over and congratulated Mr. Morris warmly. Then there were more cleers for the Senator and cheers for

"I mean to speak plainly," said he, "for this is a time for plain speaking. There are some newspapers and some people in New York who are trying to bring about the defeat of the State ticket on the theory that it does not stand on its own legs, that it leans too heavily on Gov. Odell, our chairman." [No cheers.] "I want to say that Frank Wayland Higgins is a man who stands on his own feet. He is as clean as a hound's tooth and as brave as a lion.

"Furthermore, I wish to say that at the cent convention in Saratoga, Frank Wayland Higgins was the original choice of many of Senator Platt's oldest and most ried friends; and that he was the second choice of every friend of Senator Platt.

Some newspapers and some people say he ought to be punished as Odell's man. Rather I think that our chairman should e praised for the sagacity that led him to

select Frank Wayland Higgins. "Now as to the President. The Democrats say that he is not a safe man. I wish e say that we know this man and his works. He does not come to us from the obsourity

of a Judge's chambers. He is not gagged and bound and muzzled. He has been in the limelight of public knowledge for twenty-five years as a man of peace and as a

man of war. "He never uttered a sentiment that did not breathe the highest aspirations of American life. No institution is unsafe in his hands but a bad institution. No man need fear him but a bad man. The Democrats are not afraid that Roosevelt will shatter the Constitution. They are afraid he will-enforce it. That is the trouble

We go into this contest handicapped by the fact that 151 votes in the electoral college have been signed, sealed and delivered already to the Democratic party because the Constitution has been shattered south of Mason and Dixon's line.

"When we protest against these things we are told that the matter is a social evil and that it should be left to the South to settle. Yet is it not a disgrace that a man like John Sharp Williams can be elected to Congress with 1,500 votes while it requires 40,000 to put a man in the House of Representatives from the State of New York?

"No man's vote is safe in this country unless the vote of the weakest man is safe. Some day that principle will have to be maintained vigorously.

"Now as to your friend, the senior Senator. What man in the United States does not know of the great work that he has done? Organization, the kind of organization that brings merited victories, is not accomplished without somebody's heart's blood going into it; without somebody giving the best of his life to it. Who has given more than Thomas C. Platt? My friends, he is a man.'

Mr. Fassett was just closing his speech when a sharp eyed youngster who had been posted on the road to the Erie Railroad station cried out in a shrill voice which was heard all over Highland Mills:

"Here comes Chauncey!" The crowd on the stand stood up and gave three cheers for the junior Senator. Senator Depew was accompanied by Mrs. Depew. They were escorted to seats beside Senator and Mrs. Platt. Senator Depew was introduced at once. He spoke for thirty minutes, and there was not a minute in that time when Highland Mills

folks were not roaring with laughter When Senator Depew closed 500 calls went up for Senator Platt to say a few words. He rose and talked for perhaps three minutes, thanking his fellow townsmen warmly for their reception.

OPERATION ON LADY CURZON. Her Condition Still Critical, Though the Work of the Surgeon Was a Success

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. Dover, Sept. 24.-An operation was performed this evening on Lady Curzon, formerly Miss Mary Leiter of Chicago. It was successful, but her condition still is critical.

Prof. Cheyne performed the operation, which was for peritonitis. It was necessitated by the dangerous turn in the patient's condition this morning. The doctors are hopeful of the result. A bulletin issued this evening announces that Lady Curzon, who bore the operation with great courage, has rallied, but her condition necessarily

causes grave anxiety. SIMLA, Sept. 24.-The natives throughout India are sympathizing with Viceroy Curzon. The Mohammedans here prayed three times yesterday for the recovery of

LADY CURZON'S MOTHER AND SISTER SAIL. Mrs. L. Z. Leiter, Lady Curzon's mother, sailed yesterday for Dover aboard the Red Star liner Vaderland, after vainly trying services of Senator Plett to the Republican | to get the Cunard Line to hold the six day mail carrying packet Lucania five hours. The Vaderland is a nine day ship, but there is no other liner sailing after her

this week that will be on the other cide

gooner.

Mrs. Leiter was accompanied by her daughter Nannie, two French maids and a valet. They arrived at the Grand Central Station on the Twentieth Century Limited from Chicago at 9:30 yesterday morning, and had ample time to reach the Red Star dock before the hour the Vaderland was scheduled to sail. They had only a dozen suit cases, as they had not time to pack after receiving word of the critical condition of Lady Curzon. Their heavier baggage will follow them. They left Denver on a special train to Chicago, and there took the limited. Mrs. Leiter said that she had received a despatch from her son Joseph on the train which told her that he had a cablegram from London containing the reassuring news that Lady Curzon was better. Mrs. Leiter and her daughter are to arrive at Dover one week from to-morrow.

PANIC ON VESUVIUS'S SIDES. Inhabitants of the Villages Near the

cano Are in Flight. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUL ROME, Sept. 24.—The increasing activity of Mount Vesuvius—the present eruption being the greatest in years—is causing anxiety. The sides of the principal crater are cracking to-day, and immense quantitles of incandescent matter are being dis charged to a height of 150 yards.

Torrents of lava from three huge clefts in the north side of the crater are rushing down into the Valle Inferno. Inhabitants of villages near the velcano are in a state of panic.

MOUND BUILDER'S SKELETON. Ceroner in Hamilton, Ohio, Finds That He

Isn't Needed in a Case Hamilton, Ohio, Sept. 24.—Joseph Howell. painter, who lives in Heaton Alley, yesterday found an entire human skeleton in a gravel bank of the Miami River near Overpecks. He gathered the bones together in a sack, and brought them to-day to Coroner Sharkey.

Dr. J. R. Twitchell, who was called into the case by the Coroner, declared the skeleton to be that of an Indian squaw, and that the bones were of great age. He was sure that they had been in the ground for nearly a hundred years and probably

for a very much longer period. Near where the skeleton was exhumed there are traces of the work of mound builders. Several skeletons and pieces of pottery have been brought to light on the banks of the river near there. The river has changed its course so that it washes out the skeletons.

There's no place like Lakewood! Jasper Lynch, Lakewood Real Estate; modern furnished houses. Lakewood, N. J.-Ade.

Best cure for a cold, Conti's Olive Oil, 85 Broad-

PARKER'D RATHER NOT SPEAK

"DON'T TALK AND NOBODY WILL SASS YOU"

Was His Motto When He Was State Chairman-Meets New York Citizens Who Did Not Care to Get Into the Papers as Pilgrims to Esopus-Has Gone Back.

Judge Parker returned to Esopus yesterday morning with the consciounsess of having done his best to straighten out the various tangles among the managers of the national campaign. The time of his return is speculative. He probably will come to New York about once a week between this time and election, and the Hoffman House is likely to be his abode. He finds it more convenient than the Hotel Astor and nearer to the friends who are running the New York State headquarters.

There was the usual amount of gossip yesterday about the possibility of a speaking tour by Judge Parker. The fact that he has not consented to speak at a meeting in Madison Square Garden indicates the candidate's own ideas. He does not want to speak, and all the pressure brought to bear by the Western leaders is likely to be in vain. He considers that he is getting along nicely and that a talking tour would be undignified.

Parker's campaign methods are those which he used with success as chairman of the state committee when Hill was first elected Governor. His motto then was "Don't talk and nobody will sass you." and Hill, who has always had the same ideas, approved of Parker's. Both have embraced the archaic thought that the Republicans couldn't learn their plans if they kept silence. Parker's visits to New York have been for the purpose of meeting men who did not care to go to Esopus because their presence there would be known.

Of course, the Judge isn't ashamed of his visitors," said one of Mr. Parker's friends vesterday, "nor are they ashamed of him, but they don't want to be made prominent in connection with his campaign. They can come to see him in New

York unobserved." This subterranean plan is to be followed right through the campaign. Judge Parker will direct the fight through Senator Gorman and William F. Sheehan, with their advice and that of Col. Daniel S. Lamont and August Belmont. Their chief design is to carry this State, and they are encouraged by the sentiment against the grocery ticket of the Odell machine. Their confidence of carrying New York is to be heralded in other doubtful States.

Judge Parker's letter of acceptance will be published to-morrow, it is understood, and the Democrats here are hoping that it will be a better campaign document than his speech of acceptance. It will not be as long as President Roosevelt's

August Belmont and Elliot Danforth were the candidate's only important callers

yesterday Esopus, N. Y., Sept. 24 .- There were no callers awaiting Judge Parker when he reached here at 2:15 P. M., and after dictating a few letters he started off on a long horseback ride. He said this form of recreation was the one thing he needed after three busy days conferring with political managers in New York. Sunday at Rosemount promises to be quiet.

SPOONER AFTER STEFFENS. connece the Magazine Writer for Hi Charges of Bribery.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.-United States Senator John C. Spooner of Wisconsin last night denied as "absolutely false and filled with malicious slander and base fabrications" a magazine article written by Lincoln J. Steffens, recently published. The article charged Senator Spooner with having secured his election to the United States Senate through bribery. The Senator said:

"Need I denounce this Steffens as a liar? Need I ask if the evidence of a man is good who admits he spent more than \$20,000 to be elected to Congress? Need I ask what confidence or credence can be had in or given to such a man? And that's the kind of a man Isaac Stevenson, who evidently inspired the article Steffens wrote, is admitted to be.

"Here am I, asked to defend acts alleged to have been committed almost a quarter of a century ago-my election twenty-one years ago is now challenged by this Steffens Any one who knows politics knows that my election at that time was directly due to my hard work for James G. Blaine.

"I have never been called upon to buy my way into any kind of an office. I never will be, either. Does any one suppose that if I had been elected to an office by corrup neans it would require twenty-one long vears to find it out? Does it look reason able, I say, that such a charge would be allowed to rest for half a lifetime without ome one-and any one could be as smart as Steffens—digging it up? Not on your

life!" Senator Spooner said he did not care to tell what he would do regarding the publication of the article.

FOUND PETRIFIER MAN. Serveyors Dig Up a Specimen in Goo

Condition on a Nebraska Farm. WATERLOO, Neb., Sept. 24.-Murra Schwartz, Andrew Ruan and W. Shawl. three surveyers, found the petrified body of a man on the Dayton-Compton farm three miles south of Waterloo to-day. The

body was buried about four feet below

the surface of the earth and weighs 700 pounds. It is evidently that of a white man and the petrification is said to be perfect. There is a scar on the chest near the heart, which looks as if it had been made by a bullet. The discovery of the petrification was

section corner post. ARPEST AFTER AUTO RACE. Charles Morgan and His Party After

Chase Go Heme in a Cab.

made when the surveyors were digging a

After yesterday's motor car races at the Empire track Bicycle Policeman May of crossed The Bronx above speed limits. The first one in sight was a red racer which he says was doing twenty-five miles an hour. May hailed it, but got no answer, so he gave chase. The run lasted from 184th street to 172d, where the machine slowed for a truck, and May made the arrest. Charles Morgan of Seventieth street and

rman Square was the owner and driver He had as passengers his wife and another At the station the machine was held by way of bail and the party drove home in a cab.

SKYLARKING PAINTER KILLED. 65 DEAD IN RAHTROAD WRECK. Companion Seriously Hurt by Fall From a High Scaffold.

As the result of some skylarking by two painters who were working on a scaffold on the eighth floor of the Cambridge Cours apartment hotel at 142 West Forty-ninth street yesterday afternoon, one of them was instantly killed and the other was so badly injured that he will probably die.

The two, Harry Gravosky, 30 years old, of 19 East 134th street, and Joseph Morris of 55 Willard street, had been painting the upper floors of the building in the court. and had almost finished their day's work. According to several women who live in the apartments, and who had been watching the two men. Gravosky took a brush full of paint and threw it at his partner. Then Morris dipped into his pail and splashed Gravosky.

The latter made another dab for Morris of the building. Gravosky tried to save himself, lost his footing and tumbled off. When the scaffold swayed back Morris was thrown after him. The two had been painting directly over

the restaurant in the apartments. The women who had been watching them screamed, and when the two men struck on the edge of the skylight over the restaurant there was a commotion among the diners. Neither, however, went through into the dining room. Policeman Haag of the West Forty-

seventh street station summoned an ambulance from Roosevelt Hospital, but Gravosky was dead. Morris had a fractured skull and internal injuries, and the doctors say he will die.

FISKE WILLS IT TO CORNELL. Larger Part of His Estate to Go to the University Library.

The will of Prof. Daniel Willard Fiske, formerly of Cornell University, who died a week ago at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, was opened and read here yesterday by the executors, Ira A. Place of this city and Prof. Horatio S. White of Harvard. Prof. Fiske's wife, when she died a good many years ago, left \$2,000,000 to Cornell, but the university never received the bequests because Prof. Fiske fought the will in the courts and won. That the university will now get most of what is left of Mrs. Fiske's original bequest was disclosed when the professor's will was read.

While the contents of the document have not been made public, it is known that the entire estate will not amount to \$1,000,000 and may be nearer \$500,000. Some of the property left by Prof. Fiske is in Italy, and of it the executors know scarcely anything. It is understood that the will provides for several small bequests and leaves the residue of the estate to Cornell, to be applied in increasing the equipment of the university library and to endow it.

Prof. Fiske, when he was connected with Cornell, always manifested the greatest interest in the growth of the library, being at one time the university librarian and having given several hundred thousand dollars toward its support, besides valuable collections. It is thought that Cornell's bequest will amount to about \$500,000.

It is understood that the will also leaves to Cornell two of Prof. Fiske's famous libraries, the Petrarch and the Icelandic. President Jacob Gould Schurman of Cornell also was present yesterday at the reading of the will, coming to this city from his summer home at East Hampton, L. I.

Capt. Conner Had to Do It or Be Run Down by a Car Float.

The forty-foot naphtha launch Florida, owned by Capt. Conner of the Stuyvesant Yacht Club, while returning from Larchmont at 1 o'clock yesterday morning ran on a reef of rocks in the Bronx Kills. Besides the captain there were on board Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Rose of 24 West 126th street. Miss Ethel Shroeder and Mrs. Miller.

Capt. Conner was heading for the dock at the foot of East 125th street, when a big transfer boat of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company hove in sight. The captain thought he could clear the transfer before it got to him, but he soon found out he couldn't, and there was nothing left for him to do but to steer for the rocks.

The captain tooted a distress signal which brought Policemen McQuade and Richards of the Harbor Squad in a rowboat. Everybody was taken ashore except the captain. He waited for the tide to rise and then the launch floated off and proceeded to the foot of Eighty-sixth street and North River under her own power.

BIG STEEL WORKS FIRE. Several Buildings of the Bethlehem Plant Destrayed-Loss \$400,000.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 24,-A loss

that will run into hundreds of thousands of dollars was suffered from fire at the Bethlehem Steel Works to-night. The big structural building that covered three acres, paint shops, car barns, carpenter and pattern shops were burned to the ground, despite the efforts of the combined service of the fire departments of five boroughs.

Sparks from a "kicking" furnace, while a casting was being made, were carried by high winds to the paint shop, which was quickly ablaze. All the buildings from the ordnance plant to the steel mill are in ashes, the ordnance plant being saved by the firemen. No official will give an estimate of the loss now, but it must be \$400,000 for one compound engine that was destroyed cost \$150,000 alone. Other costly machinery shared the same fate.

SHOPLIFTER IN TIFFANY'S,

Police Pick Up a Man With a \$100 Pin Alleged to Have Been Stelen.

Detective Sergeants Cronin and McCarthy saw a suspicious looking man leave a Sixth avenue department store yesterday afternoon. They followed him to another store and then to Tiffany's.

When the stranger left the jewelry store the detectives stopped him and searched him. In his possession they found a \$100 diamond pin which was later identified by a the Tremont station lay for autos which | clerk in Tiffany's as having been taken from the store. The prisoner, the clerk said, visited the store several days ago and ordered a couple of bracelets. Yesterday he called ostensibly to see if they were ready for delivery. The prisoner was locked up at Police Headquarters. He said that he was Ben-

amin Hirschberg, living at Avenue C and First street. The police have no record of

Take the Day Line Steamer en route to St. Louis and see the Hudson in the height of autumnal beauty. Boston excursions Oct. 3 and 4, 35. Write o Day Line, Despresses St., for folder.—Ade.

CRASH NEAR KNOXVILLE, TENN. -- THE WOUNDED NUMBER 125.

Two Passenger Trains on the Southern Ballway Meet on a Curve Going at High Speed-Conductor of One of Them Admits That He Misread His Orders-Only the Sleeping Cars of One Train Escape Destruction.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 24 .- In a collision at 10:20 o'clock this morning on the Southern Railway, three miles west of Newmarket, a small town twenty-one miles from this city, fully sixty-five persons lost their lives. Most of them were killed outright, but probably a score have and the scaffold swung out from the edge | died during the day. About one hundred and twenty-five were injured seriously. Several of these will die.

The collision was of two passenger trains, both heavily laden with passengers. Train No. 12, east bound, left this city at 9:35 o'clock. It was a heavy vestibuled 'train pulling four sleeping cars. Train No. 15 west bound, was due in this city from Bristol at 11 o'clock and the engineer and conductor had orders to await the coming of the sastbound train at Newmarket, but

overlooked their orders. Conductor Caldwell of Train No. 15 when asked by a passenger as to the cause of

"It was my fault. I misread my orders." Every car on Train No. 15 was demolished. The sleeping cars on Train No. 12 escaped without injury and no one in them was The trains were due to pass at Hodge

Station, but collided about one mile and a half west of that place, the westbound train running past the meeting point. Every car in the eastbound train was demolished except the sleepers. A large number of passengers were going from Knoxville to Newmarket to attend the funeral of W. R. King, a well known citizen of that place, who died yesterday. James

W. R. King. The Southern Railway offices here give out the following account of the wreck at

Newmarket, Tenn.: No. 12, a passenger train from Knoxville for Bristol, and No. 15, passenger train from Bristol to Knoxville, collided just west of Newmarket, Tenn., to-day. The engines and coaches were badly damaged. The wreck occurred on a curve. The baggage car and the engine of No. 12 were destroyed. The engine, one combination car, one baggage car and three coaches of No. 15 were almost totally wrecked. The four eleepers on No. 12 did not leave the

track and were not damaged. Both engineers were killed. The track and equipment were in first class condition, and the crews were old and trusted employees, having been in the service of the company some twenty years.

Physicians and wrecking trains were sent from this city, and this afternoon and evening many of the wounded have been received here. It required about eight hours to clear the track.

Miss Marie Conderick of New York city is reported among the list of injured. Most of those killed or wounded lived in this part of the country. John W. Brown, editor of the Rogers-

ville Star, was on the westbound train, and he gives this story of the accident "I was seated beside Miss Eula Jarnagin, teacher in the high school of Chartanooga. near the centre of the car. The first intimation I had of the wreck was a fearful crash and jolt. All of the seats were torn loose by the momentum, and people and sents were hurled to the front of the car

All of us were more or less injured, but no one in the car was killed. "I walked to the main part of the wreck saw a woman pinioned by a piece of split timber which had gone through her body. A little child quivering in agony was underneath the woman. I saw a woman's

head severed from the body. "A little girl, whose head was cut straight across above the brow, was calling for her mother. She was little Lucille Connor Knoxville, and both of her parents were killed. I heard one woman praying very earnestly to be spared for her children

Death relieved her agonies. "The four sleepers of the opposite train remained on the track uninjured, but both engines and all the coaches of No. 15 were literally demolished, as were the smoker and baggage car of No. 12. Some twenty chicken coops were in the express car. The coops were broken and the fowls flew

about the wreck." Second Vice-President Finley says the track was in good condition and is one of the best in the country. The two trains were accustomed safely to pass each other in that immediate vicinity for many years, and were about on time. Careful orders were issued to the westbound train to meet the eastbound train at Newmarket, a few miles east of the scene of the accident This order in some unaccountable way was overlooked or ignored by the west-

CONNECTICUT MEN ANGRY. Officials Say They Were Slighted by the Navy Department.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 24.-Well known business men and naval and military officers in this State are incensed over the slight hat they say has been put upon them by the Navy Department in the failure to invite them to be present at the launching of the battleship Connecticut at the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Thursday, Sept. 29. Accordng to announcements made here to-day those who have received formal invitations to be present include less than a corporal's guard, although 3,000 invitations were ordered engraved by Rear Admiral Rodgers, the commandant of the Brooklyn navy

vard. It is said that not even the members of Gov. Chamberlain's staff have been asked and that all the officers of the Nationa Guard have been ignored. When the attention of the Navy Department was called to the situation the officials at Brooklyn replied that Gov. Chamberlain had been asked to furnish a list of those he wished invited and was informed that invitations would then be forwarded to them, but he did not take any action in the matter

Gov. Chamberlain said to-night that i was "up to the commander at Brooklyn," who wanted to make the affair a purely naval one, and that he was obliged to write him asking for invitations to the few prominent people of the State who were invited

SIGHTED THE KOREAS Observer at San Francisco Thinks That He

Saw the Russian Cruiser. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Some excitement was caused in shipping circles this afternoon when the Marine Exchange observer on the top of Mount Tampais announced that he had sighted a foreign cruiser about thirty miles out with no flag displayed and steaming straight toward

this port from the west. After coming in about ten miles the cruiser suddenly changed her course, headed southwest and was soon lost to sight. At no time while she was in view of the observer did she display any flag, but she was clearly a foreign cruiser, and from her size it is supposed that she was the Korea, reported as sighted near Victoria and believed to have accompanied the Lena across the Pacific.

FAIRBANKS IN MINNESOTA. With Senator Dolliver He Spends a Busy

Day Campaigning. St. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 24.—Senator Fairbanks, the Vice-Presidential candidate. arrived in St. Paul at 5 o'clock this evening after a tour through the State, which he entered at 8 o'clock this morning. Dura ing his trip Senator Fairbanks and Senator Dolliver of Iowa delivered fourteen addresses from the rear of the special train. They spoke at Rushfield, Houston, Austin and several other small towns, addressing more than 25,000 persons.

At La Crosse early this morning the candidate for Vice-President was joined by Senator Clapp and Congressman Tawney of Minnesota and Robert C. Dunn, the Republican

candidate for Governor.

To-night at the Peoples' Church an audience of 7,000 listened to Mr. Fairbanks, who was introduced by Senator Clapp. Senator Dolliver followed Mr. Fairbanks.

ODELL REFERS TO CUNNEEN. Sheehan, Who Could Say a Whole Lot About That, Won't Say It.

This conversation occurred yesterday

between William F. Sheehan and a Sun reporter: The Reporter-Mr. Odell says that if King, one of the dead, was a brother of there has been any corruption or perversion of funds during his administration Attorney-General Cunneen, who is a Democrat, should know of it and ought to disclose

what he knows. Mr. Sheehan-Well, what about it? The Reporter-Mr. Odell is apparently trying to shirk the responsibility for the charges made against him in the Democratic platform to Mr. Cunneen, haven't

you anything to say about it? Mr. Sheehan-I could say a whole lot about it, but I won't. GEO. B. M'CUTCHEON TO WED.

of Chicago This Week. CHICAGO, Sept. 24 .- George Barr Mc-Cutcheon, the novelist, and Mrs. Marie Fay, a handsome young widow residing in Highland Park, will be married next week. The formal announcement has not been made, but friends of the couple have

een told of the romance.

Mrs. Fay is popular in North Shore society. After the marriage, which will be a quiet affair, the couple will take a trip to Europe. Mr. McCutcheon bounded into fame as the author of "Graustark." The edded: novel was an immediate success. Later he | We look upon this institution as the startwrote "Castle Craneycrow," and then, on a ing point of the most important evolution write a book which would be a success on its own merits irrespective of his name, he wrote "Brewster's Millions." Mr. Mc-Cutcheon won. The young novelist is the

author, also, of "The Sherrods." POLICE A MARK FOR THIEVES. Typewriter Mysteriously Removed From

the Ralph Avenue Station House. A new typewriter was stolen some time on Friday night from the Ralph avenue police station in Brooklyn. It was kept on a table between the sergeant's desk and a telephone table. How it could have been stolen when a sergeant and a cop were supposed to be in the room all the time

uzzled Captain O'Reilly. O'Reilly had a general alarm sent to all police stations giving the number of the machine. He also put detectives on the

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL BURNED. St. Augustine's in South Boston Destroyed

-Twenty-three Sisters Escape. Boston, Sept. 24 .- St. Augustine's Parochial School in South Boston was damaged to the extent of \$100,000 by a fire caused by the explosion of a roofer's torch this afternoon. Twenty-three Sisters of Notre Dame were in the building at the time the fire was started, and it was not without danger to their lives that they made their escape. Etta Trainer, a stenographer; another young woman and three small children also were in the burning

structure and had narrow escapes. Once the flames caught on the front of the convent building, but were extinguished before they could gain headway. Several

firemen were injured. DOWIE AND JERUSALEM. Prophet Preparing to Enter the City, He

Says, on a White Denkey. LESURUR, Minn. Sept. 24,-The Rev. A Forder, missionary from Jerusalem, addressed the German M. E. Church Conference here this afternoon. He said it was a strange fact that no mission had been established by any denomination in Jerusalem or the Holy Land, and that Dr. Dowie of Chicago had flooded the city with literature telling the people that he would enter the Holy City riding on a white donkey and making the greatest proclamation ever

made on earth. A fund was raised to help the mission

in Jerusalem.

JOE JEFFERSON'S ILLNESS.

Wife of the Comedian Writes That He Is Weak-Family Not Encourage !. CHICAGO, Sept. 24 .- Prof. William Castle. brother-in-law of Joe Jefferson and a member of the faculty of the Chicago Musical

College, has received a letter from Mrs.

Jefferson in which she says that she be-

lieves her husband has made his last appearance before the public. We are fighting hard to keep him with us." Mrs. Jefferson writes, "but we do not get much encouragement. He is very

DEWEY'S PURE WINES AND GRAPE JUICE Unequalled for the weak and overworked.

H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 185 Fulton St., N. Y. a second congress at The Hague. Applause

TO CALL PEACE CONFERENCE.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

PRESIDENT TO INVITE LEADING NATIONS TO TAKE PART.

In Addressing Members of the International Parliamentary Peace Union He Announced that He Should Issue the Call for the Canference at an Early Date.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.-Formally addressing the members of the International Parliamentary Peace Union, in the East Room of the White House this afternoon, President Reosevelt announced his intention of inviting at an early day the leading nations of the earth to join in a second conference at The Hague, to the end that further steps toward international peace may be accomplished.

The members of the union, more than 200 in number, who are making a tour of this country, were received by the President at half past 2 o'clock and his address to them followed immediately the presentation of resolutions on behalf of the organization by Representative Richard Bartholdt of Missouri, the international president for 1904.

Mr. Roosevelt's significant announcement was greeted with prolonged applause. His contemplated action was discussed by many of the foreigners to-night with great enthusiasm and pleasure was expressed that it had been decided to ask the Government of the United States to be the leader in the further movement for international arbitration.

The resolutions presented to the President by Representative Bartholdt, on behalf of the visitors, who are all members of the national legislative bodies of their respective countries, were as follows:

Whereas enlightened public opinion and the spirit of modern civilization alike de-mand that controversies between nations be settled in the same manner as disputes between individuals are settled, that is, the judgment of courts, in accordance with recognized priniples of law, this conference requests that the several Governments of the world send delegates to an international conference to be convened at a time and place to be agreed upon by them for the con-sideration of the following questions:

1. Questions for the consideration of which the conference at The Hague expressed the wish that a future conference be called. 2. The negotiation of arbitration treaties between the nations represented at the conference to be convened.

8. The advisability of creating a congress

of nations to convene periodically for the discussion of international questions. And respectfully and cordially requests the President of the United States to invite all the nations to send representatives to such a conference. In presenting the resolutions Mr. Bartholdt recalled the fact that the fourteen national legislatures, including the Congress of the United States, were represented in Western Author Will Marry Mrs. Marie Fay the gathering now before him. They all looked upon President Roosevelt, he sald, as the friend of peace and were eager for him to take the initiative in measures for the further promotion of the cause of international peace. He then introduced Dr.

Albert Gobat of Switzerland, who addressed

the President in French. He reviewed the

aims and purposes of the first Hague con-

ference and declared that the Interparlia-

mentary Union regarded it as an important step toward securing a method of peaceably settling all international differences. He last embody the brotherhood of peoples, that community of the intellectual and material interests of nations that has always existed, but never until this day so imperatively demanded that it be recognized, furthered and protected. The general conferences of States will regulate for the latter that which has been regulated for private persons for fifty centuries; they will make international

arbitration compulsory; they will see to it that treaties are faithfully observed; they

will avert disputes: they will relieve the people

of overwhelming burdens imposed by crimi-But in order to accomplish its duty this institution must also be made the founda-tion of a political organization of the world. To that end the contemplated conferences must be periodical and, if I may here express a personal idea, they must, during the time intervening between these general assemblies have an organization vested with certain supervising, directing and executive powers. This will prove to be the first stage of an international political organization, similar to that which now exists in the United States

and in my ewn country, Switzerland. The interparliamentary conference of St. Louis has deemed you, Mr. President, to be especially fitted to assume the initiative of a second general assembly of the States. This duty naturally devolves upon the Chief Magistrate of a country where a Congress of States convenes yearly under the dome of the Capitel. We are, moreover, aware that in applying to you we address ourselves to an earnest defender of international justice. and we bear in mind the fact that you we the first head of a Government who turned the governments toward the permanent court of arbitration of The Hague.

Having spoken earnestly for the resolutions which had been presented, Dr. Gobat

Mr. President, I have discharged the official duty with which I was intrusted. I venture duty with which I was intrusted. I venture to assume another, and feel confident that my action will receive the approval of all European parliaments. We thank you, Mr. President, from the depths of our hearts, for having been pleased to join in the friendly invitation extended to the interparliamentary union by the Congress of the United States by sending us an invitation in the name of your Covernment and in your ewn. We express the most sincere wishes for the suces of your political acts, for your happiness cess of your pointent sees, for your nappiness and that of your family, for the happiness and prosperity of the United States, whose infinite horizon is equalled by nothing save the breadth of views and the spirit of independence of the descendants of Washington and Franklin.

President Roosevelt then sadressed the members as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION: I greet you with profound pleasure as representatives in a special sense of the great international movement for peace and good will among the nations of the earth. It s a matter of gratification to all Americans that we have had the honor of receiving you here as the nation's guests. You are men skilled in the practical work of government in your several countries, and this fact adds weight to your championship of the cause of international justice. I thank you for your kind allusions to what the Government of the United States has accomplished for the policies you have at heart, and I assure you that this Government's attitude will continue unchanged in reference thereto. We are even now taking steps to secure arbitration treaties with all other Governments which are willing to enter into them with

In response to your resolutions I shall, at an early date, ask the other nations to join in